#### Pt. 28

# PART 28—FIRE PROTECTION EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

Sec.

28.1 Purpose.

28.2 Definitions.

28.3 Emergency assistance.

AUTHORITY: Act of May 27, 1955 (42 U.S.C. 1856, 1856b)

Source:  $41\ FR\ 51794$ , Nov. 24, 1976, unless otherwise noted.

#### §28.1 Purpose.

The purpose of this part is to provide criteria for agencies in the Department to render fire protection emergency assistance to fire organizations not within the Department.

### § 28.2 Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (a) The term *agency head* means the Secretary of the Interior or an official of the Department of the Interior who exercises authority delegated by the Secretary of the Interior.
- (b) The term *fire protection* includes personnel services and equipment required for fire prevention, the protection of life and property, and fire-fighting; and

## § 28.3 Emergency assistance.

In the absence of a reciprocal fire protection agreement, each agency head may provide emergency fire protection will not jeopardize the property of the United States by making it impossible for the agency head to protect the property of the United States and such assistance is determined to be in the best interest of the United States. The providing of emergency assistance shall not be in the best interest of the United States of the United States and may not be granted by an agency head if:

- (a) Persons other than those currently employed by the agency at the time of the emergency and trained in the type of emergency assistance being provided would be used in the providing of the emergency assistance.
- (b) Assistance is provided to a place more than an hour's travel from where the agency maintains fire protection facilities. Assistance which requires more than an hour's travel may be given for those fire emergencies threat-

ening to last more than 12 hours, or endangering human life.

# PART 29—TRANS-ALASKA PIPELINE LIABILITY FUND

Sec.

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29.2 Creation of the Fund.

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29.4 General powers.

29.5 Officers and employees.

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29.8 Notification and advertisement.29.9 Claims, settlement and adjudication.

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AUTHORITY: Sec. 204(c), Trans-Alaska Pipeline Authorization Act, 43 U.S.C. 1653(c); secs. 311(p)(1) and 311(p)(2) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. 1321 (p)(1), (2).

Source:  $53\ FR\ 3396,\ Feb.\ 5,\ 1988,\ unless otherwise noted.$ 

### § 29.1 Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (a) *Act* means the Trans-Alaska Pipeline Authorization Act, title II of Public Law 93–153, 43 U.S.C. secs. 1651, *et sea*.
  - (b) Affiliated means:
- (1) Any person owned or effectively controlled by the vessel Owner or Operators; or
- (2) Any person that effectively controls or has the power to effectively control the vessel Owner or Operator by—
- (i) Stock interest, or
- (ii) Representation on a board of directors or similar body, or
- (iii) Contract or other agreement with other stockholders, or
  - (iv) Otherwise, or;
- (3) Any person which is under common ownership or control with the vessel Owner or Operator.
- (c) Claim means a demand in writing for payment for damage allegedly caused by an incident.
- (d) Contact person means a person designated by the Owner or Operator and identified to the Fund Administrator and the National Response Center operated by the Coast Guard as the official